## ACCUMULATION.

## BANKING.

Excluding the Commonwealth Bank of Australia, there

Victorian Banking. were on 30th June, 1928, fourteen institutions, having 900 branches or agencies, which were engaged in the ordinary business of banking in Victoria. These are referred to in the succeeding tables as Joint Stock Banks.

The particulars of the Commonwealth Bank, which are shown separately on page 328, include the balances of the Savings Bank department of that institution, as it issued one general statement only of assets and liabilities for the periods specified.

The paid-up capital of the Joint Stock Banks operating
Capital Resoarces. in Victoria during 1927-28, together with their reserve funds, the rate per cent., and the amount of their last dividends, are shown in the following table :-
1740.-20

CAPITAL RESOURCES OF THE JOINT STOCK BANKS IN VICTORIA.-30TH JUNE, 1928.

| Bank. | Paid-up Capital. | Rate per cent. per annum of last Dividend and Bonus. | Amount of last Half-yearly Dividend and Bonus. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Reserved } \\ \text { Profits. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank of Australasia | $\begin{gathered} £ \\ 4,000,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\%$ 14 | $\begin{gathered} £ \\ 280,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{£}{\mathbf{~}}$ |
| Union Bank of Australia Ltd. | 4,000,000 | 15 | 262,500 | 4,947,939 |
| English, Scottish and Australian Bank Ltd. | 3,000,000 | 121 | 295,313* | 3,202,961 |
| Bank of New South Wales | 7,423,440 | 121 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 371,172 | 5,820,61 6 |
| Australian Bank of Commerce Ltd. | 2,208,000 | 8 | 73,600 | 1,026,664 |
| Primary Producers' Bank of Australia Ltd. | 428,548 | . . | $\cdots$ | 8,532 |
| National Bank of Australasia Ltd. | 5,000,000 | 10 | 250,000 | 3,148,495 |
| Commercial Bank of Australia Ltd. | 3,553,388 | Pref., 4 Ord. 15 | 130,628 | 1,381,760 |
| Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney Ltd. | 4,739,013 | 10 | 236,261 | 4,010,184 |
| Ballarat Banking Co. Ltd. | 153,000 | 8 | 5,322 | 82,419 |
| Queensland National Bank Ltd. | 1,749,958 | 10 | 43,664 $\dagger$ | 798,851 |
| Bank of Adelaide | 1,250,000 | 10 | 62,500 | 1,003,464 |
| Total Australian Banks | 37,505,347 | . $\cdot$ | 2,010,960 | 29,421,453 |
| Bank of New Zealand | 6,833,548 | "A" Pref. 10, <br> " $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}$ Pref. $13_{\overline{1} \frac{2}{1}}$, Ord. $14 \frac{1}{3}$. <br> Long Term Mortgage shares $6 \& 7 \frac{1}{2}$. | 793,344* | 3,732,525 |
| Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris | 10,000,000 | 14 | 1,400,000* | 4,148,212 |
| Grand Total | 54,338,895 | - | 4,204,304 | 37,302,190 |

[^0]Shareholders' capital, which represents the capital of the shareholders without as well as within Victoria, amounted to nearly $54 \frac{1}{2}$ millions on 30th June, 1928. The reserves at the end of 1927-28 totalled $£ 37,302,190$, which amount equalled $68 \cdot 6$ per cent. of the paid-up capital.

The subjoined statement shows the average liabilities
Labilities and Assets. and assets within Victoria, and the capital and profits, of the Joint Stock Banks for the June quarters of each of the years 1924 to 1928. The liabilities are those to the general public, and are exclusive of the banks' liabilities to their shareholders, which are shown in the preceding table.

VICTORIAN BANKING RETURNS, 1924 TO 1928.
(Excluding Commonwealth Bank.)

| Heading. | Quarter ended 30th June- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1924. | 1925. | 1926. | 1927. | 1928. |
| Number of Banks in Victoria furnishing returns | 15 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 14 |
| Number of Branches or Agencies | 856 | 859 | 883 | 900 | 913 |
|  | $£$ | £ | $\ldots$ | £ | £ |
| Liabilities within Victoria. <br> Notes in circulation not bearing interest pils inst.. | 87,278 | 86,969 | 86,601 | 86,411 | 86,360 |
| interest | 388,374 | 429,199 | 482,843 | 468,266 | 785,750 |
| Balances due to other Banks .. | 1,160,104 | 1,186,464 | 1,316,330 | 1,059,994 | 625,439 |
| Deposits not bearing interest. . | 33,194,062 | 33,825,829 | 33,618,224 | 33,616,887 | 31,543,257 |
| Deposits bearing interest .. | 51,107,426 | 51,849,166 | 56,449,495 | 58,307,022 | 60,373,201 |
| Total | 85,937,244 | 87,377,627 | 91,953,493 | 93,538,580 | 93,414,007 |
| Assets within Victoria. <br> Coined Gold and Silver and other metals | 5,367,063 | 7,272,507 | 8,462,690 | 8,084,719 | 8,106,539 |
| Gold and Silver in Bullion and Bars | 35,790 | 987,728 | 48,124 | 54,805 | 46,325 |
| Government Securities Municipal | 2,595,209 | 4,422,831 | 6,427,484 | 4,981,418 | 8,614,401 |
| Landed and House Property.. | 1,639,793 | 1,630,648 | 1,729,417 | 1,895,220 | 2,082,097 |
| Notes and Bills of other Banks | 792,834 | 861,299 | 863,375 | 850,584 | 833,350 |
| Balances due from other Banks | 2,043,725 | 810,985 | 912,479 | 850,163 | 854,861 |
| Discounts, assets Overdrafts, and other | 63,914,412 | 63,181,481 | 67,568,544 | 75,668,559 | 72,017,807 |
| Australian Notes . .. | 7,859,885 | 7,362,658 | 6,833,737 | 7,576,120 | 9,370,623 |
| Total | 84,248,711 | 86,530,137 | 92,845,850 | 99,961,588 | 101,926,003 |
| Capital and Profits. <br> Capital Stock paid-up | 41,627,576 | 45,581,952 | 45,928,051 | 51,706,539 | 54,338,895 |
| Reserved and Profits .. | 24,442,499 | 26,817,098 | 28,790,768 | 32,931,778 | 37,302,190 |

The principal item in each case of the liabilities and

[^1]DEPOSITS IN AND ADVANCES BY JOINT STOCK BANKS IN VICTORIA (excluding Commonwealth Bank), 1919 to 1928.
(Average of the June quarter of each year.)

| Year. | Deposits. |  |  | Advances.* | Excess of Deposits over Advances. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bearing Interest. | Not bearing Interest. | Total. |  |  |
|  | £ | $\dot{ \pm}$ | £ | $\pm$ | $\mathfrak{£}$ |
| 1919 | 37,765,167 | 26,714,621 | 64,479,788 | 50,306,414 | 14,173,374 |
| 1920 | 38,454,025 | 37,785,998 | 76,240,023 | 44,092,846 | 32,147,177 |
| 1921 | 42,197,473 | 33,326,736 | 75,524,209 | 55,681,441 | 19,842,768 |
| 1922 | 44,420,620 | 32,125,952 | 76,546,572 | 53,151,759 | 23,394,813 |
| 1923 | 50,604,835 | 34,530,904 | 85,135,739 | 61,055,847 | 24,079,892 |
| 1924 | 51,107,426 | 33,194,062 | 84,301,488 | 63,914,412 | 20,387,076 |
| 1925 | 51,849,166 | $33,825,829$ | 85,674,995 | $63,181,481$. | 22,493,514 |
| 1926 | 56,449,495 | 33,618,224 | 90,067,719 | 67,568,544 | 22,499, 175 |
| 1927 | 53,307,022 | 33,616,887 | 91,923,909 | 75,668,559 | 16,255,350 |
| 1928 | 60,373,201 | 31,543,257 | 91,916,458 | 72,017,807 | 19,898,651 |

[^2]The succeeding statement shows for ten years the

Rates of Interest. average rate of interest per annum paid by the Joint Stock Banks in Melbourne to depositors for twelve months :-

| Year. |  |  |  |  | Average rate of Interest per annum allowed to depositors for 12 months. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1918-19 | ... |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | Per cont. |
| 1919-20 | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 4 |
| 1920-21 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$. | ... | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 1921-22 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 1922-23 | ... | ... | ... | ... | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 1923-24 | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 1924-25 | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 1925-26 | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 1926-27 | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 1927-28 | $\cdots$ | ... |  | $\ldots$ | 419 |

Analysis of Retarns of the doint Stock Banks.

The percentages of coin, bullion, and Australian notes, on " liabilities at call," and of advances on deposits, the relative proportion of deposits and the amount of the latter per head of population, are shown in the following table, for each of the last ten years:-

ANALYSIS OF RETURNS OF JOINT STOCK BANKS IN VICTORIA, 1918-19 TO 1927-28.
(Excluding Commonwealth Bank.)


[^3]commonwealth commoa Bank of Australia.

The foregoing statements relate to all banks in Victoria excluding the Commonwealth Bank. The average liabilities and assets of that bank within Victoria for the June quarters in each of the last five years were as follows:-
LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE COMMONWEALTH BANK IN THE STATE OF VICTORIA, 1924 TO 1928.

| Heading. | June Quarter- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1924. | 1925. | 1926. | 1927. | 1928. |
|  | $\mathfrak{£}$ | £ | £ | £ | $\mathfrak{£}$ |
| Bills in circulation. . | 69,932 | 103,349 | 180,954 | 95,438 | 142,503 |
| Baiances due to other banks | 19,718 | 1,058,922 | 2,073,744 | 2,522,068 | 5,212,499 |
| Deposits not bearing interest | 4,735,131 | 3,275,551 | 3,225,469 | 3,275,011 | 2,159,186 |
| Deposits bearing in. terest | 2,767,377. | 2,680,799 | 1,077,530 | 1,707,612 | 1,740,991 |
| Savings Bank depesits | 5,370,284 | 5,320,159 | 5,705,035 | 5,887,485 | 5,858,945 |
| Total | 12,962,442 | 12,438,780 | 12,262,732 | 13,487,614 | 15,114,124 |
| Assets- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coin and bullion .. | 338,403 | 1,625,442 | 1,743,577 | 610,260 | 432,343 |
| Australian notes . | 2,969,035 | 3,231,260 | 2,727,848 | 2,282,245 | 1,137,883 |
| Government and Municipal securities | 3,910.972 | 3,965,538 | 3,663,876 | 6,210,694 | 6,899,753 |
| Landed property . . | 350,942 | 405,867 | 341,000 | 236,346 | 183,696 |
| Notes and bills of other banks | 160,583 | 167,892 | 161,061 | 586,360 | 584,581 |
| Balances due from other banks | 1,608,494 | 577,647 | 577,063 | 462,661 | 2,905 |
| Advances .. | 2,018,369 | 2,002,659 | 2,068,885 | 3,677,086 | 3,801,632 |
| Short term loans in Australia |  |  |  |  | 740,832 |
| Total | 11,356,798 | 11,976,305 | 11,283,310 | 14,065,652 | 13,783,625 |

## Melbourne

Gearing Hause.

The following table contains particulars in regard to the clearances through the Melbourne Clearing House in each of the last ten years :-

## MELBOURNE CLEARING HOUSE TRANSACTIONS, 1918 TO 1927.



In this table the two sides of the clearance are considered as one transaction. The amount passed through the Melbourne Clearing House during 1927 was larger than in any other year, exceeding the total for 1926 by $£ 35,565,000$.

[^4]in the School Bank Department of the State Savings Bank are excluded.

| On 30th June- |  | Number of Depositors. |  | Amount remaining on Deposit. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total. | Per 1.000 of Population. | Total. | Average per Depositor. |
| 1875 ... | $\ldots$ | 65,837 | 81 | $\stackrel{\boldsymbol{f}}{1,469,849}$ | $\begin{array}{rll} \mathfrak{E} & s & d . \\ 22 & 6 & 6 \end{array}$ |
| 1880 ... | ... | 92,115 | 108 | 1,661,409 | $18 \quad 0$ |
| 1885 ... | ... | 170,014 | 174 | 3,337,018 | 19127 |
| 1890 | ... | 281,509 | 252 | 5,262,105 | 181310 |
| 1895 | ... | 338,480 | 286 | 7,316,129 | 21123 |
| 1900 | ... | 375,070 | 314 | 9,110,793 | $24 \quad 510$ |
| 1905 ... | ... | 447,382 | 369 | 10,896,741 | $\begin{array}{lll}24 & 7\end{array}$ |
| 1910 | $\ldots$ | 560,515 | 429 | 15,417,887 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 2710 2 |
| 1915. | ... | 721,936 | 506 | 24,874,811 | $34-9.1$ |
| 1920 | ... | 886,344 | 589 | 37,232,543 | 4202 |
| 1925 | ... | 1,095,462 | 656 | 53,145,015 | $48 \quad 10 \quad 3$ |
| 1926 | $\ldots$ | 1,130,121 | 667 | 56,461,928 | 49193 |
| 1927 | $\ldots$ | 1,167,631 | 676 | 58,303,506 | 49188 |
| 1928 | $\ldots$ | 1,202,031 | 687 | B1,265,977 | 50194 |

On 30th June, 1928, sixty-eight persons out of every hundred in the State (including children under 15 years of age who represent 30 per cent. of the population) were depositors with an average balance of $£ 5019 \mathrm{~s} .4 \mathrm{~d}$. The figures given in the above table include each year a large number of inoperative accounts, that is to say, of small sums under $£ 1$ upon which the depositors had ceased to operate. On 30th June, 1928, these inoperative accounts numbered 273,401 ; omitting these, the balance of 928,630 operative accounts averaged $£ 6518 \mathrm{~s}$. 7 d . each, as compared with an average of $\mathfrak{f} 640$ s. 11d. in the previous year.

The following statement shows the transactions in connexion with the ordinary accounts for each of the last five years:-

SAVINGS BANK TRANSACTIONS, 1923-24 TO 1927-28.

| Year 30 h June | Deposits. | Withdrawals. | Number of Accounts. |  |  | Amount at credit of Depositors.* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Opened. | Closed. | Remaining open at end of period. |  |
|  | £ | £ |  |  |  | $\pm$ |
| 1924 | 50,831,162 | 50,700,221 | 171,216 | 127,554 | 1,059,008 | 51,497,200 |
| 1925 | 47,655,989 | 47,902,408 | 168,966 | 132,512 | 1,095,462 | 53,145,015 |
| 1926 | 50,098,580 | 48,777,945 | 164,884 | 130,225 | 1,130,121 | 56,461,928 |
| 1927 | 50,634,548 | 50,899,001 | 172,442 | 134,932 | 1,167,631 | 58,303,506 |
| 1928 | 51,823,015 | 51,054,758 | 172,632 | 138,232 | 1,202;031 | 61,265,977 |

- Excluding School Bank and Deposit Stock Accounts.

The State Savings Bank on 30th June, 1928, had 1,338,937 depositors with $£ 62,781,359$ to their credit, of whom 136,906 depositors in the School Bank Department with $£ 219,934$ to their credit have been excluded from the preceding table, a sum of $£ 1,295,448$ in the Savings Bank Deposit Stock account being also excluded. From 1st February, 1923, to 31st March, 1924, the rate of interest allowed to depositors in this bank was 4 per cent. on all sums from $£ 1$ to $£ 500$, and 3 per cent. on any excess over $£ 500$ up to $£ 750$. From 1st April, 1924, interest has been allowed on the excess over $£ 500$ up to $£ 1,000$ at the rate of $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. On 1st July, 1927, a further alteration was made and interest is now being allowed on ordinary accounts at 4 per cent. on balances up to $£ 1,000$. The last mentioned sum is the maximum which is received as an ordinary deposit. Depositors are permitted, however, to place an additional sum, not exceeding $£ 1,000$, in Deposit Stock account, which is a form of fixed deposit withdrawable at short notice-one week for every $£ 10$ up to $£ 40$, one month for sums of from $£ 50$ to $£ 100$, and longer periods for larger amounts, with a maximum of six months for sums of from $£ 910$ to $£ 1,000$. Interest was allowed on this stock at the same rate as on ordinary deposits, viz.:-4 per cent., but since 1st August, 1927, the rate has been $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Of the a mount ( $£ 61,265,977$ ) on ordinary current account deposit in the State Bank on 30th June, 1928, about 20 per cent. belonged to depositors with accounts up to $£ 100$ each, 30 per cent. to those with accounts over $£ 100$ and up to $£ 300,20$ per cent. to those with accounts over $£ 300$ and up to $£ 500,16$ per cent. to those with accounts over $£ 500$ and up to $£ 750$, and 14 per cent. to those with accounts exceeding $£ 750$.

The next statement shows the assets and liabilities of the State Savings Bank as at 30th June, 1928, the former indicating the manner in which deposits are invested or held :-

> STATE SAVINGS BANK, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, 30TH JUNE, 1928.


The amount of the funds held in a liquid state at 30th June, 1928, was $£ 12,641,708$, being $£ 2,615,234$ in cash and money at call or short notice and $£ 10,026,474$ in Bank deposit receipts; the latter are fixed for two years, but are so arranged that an average amount of about $£ 412,000$ of the receipts matures each month. The liquid assets under this arrangement earn a considerable amount of income, without which the interest paid to depositors could not be maintained at the present rate.
State Savings
The "Crédit Foncier" or advances department of the
Bank-
department. State Savings Bank was established by Act of Parliament in 1896 for the purpose of making advances on farm properties in sums ranging from $£ 50$ to $£ 2,000$, and in 1910, under the authority of Act No. 2280, the system was extended to house and shop securities, permission being given to make advances of from $£ 50$ to $£ 1,000$. These maxima have since been increased to $£ 4,000$ and $£ 1,500$ respectively. Funds for the purpose were obtained at the initiation of the system by the sale of mortgage bonds redeemable by
half-yearly ballots; but since 1901 by the sale of debentures in denominations of $£ 100$ and over, redeemable at fixed dates not more than twenty years from date of issue. The Savings Banks Act 1915 gives power to substitute stock for debentures on the application of any debenture-holder or any person offering to purchase debentures. The balance of debentures and stock current on 30th June, 1928 , was $£ 20,829,150$. Of this amount, $£ 5,671,150$ is held by the public, and the balance by the Commissioners themselves because of money having been invested by them out of Savings Bank funds. The sum advanced during the year $1927-28$ was $£ 3,995,403$, making with the amounts previously advanced a total of $£ 33,683,248$, of which £12,831,772 had been repaid by 30 th June, 1928 ; leaving outstanding on that date an amount of $£ 20,851,476$ representing 5,317 loans to farmers for $£ 4,268,851$, which thus averaged $£ 803 ; 28,478$ loans to owners of houses or shops for a total of $£ 13,084,500$, or an average per borrower of $£ 460$; and 5,893 advances under the Housing Act for $£ 3,498,125$. Under the provisions of Act No. 3007 the Commissioners were empowered to extend the "Crédit Foncier" loan facilities granted by the Discharged Soldiers Settlement Act 1917. In the first mentioned Act provision is made for advances to soldiers and sailors and their dependants, also to Red Cross and transport workers, at a lower rate of interest and on longer terms than are allowed to others, to assist them to acquire farms or to purchase or erect dwellings. The total amount advanced on these conditions to 30th June, 1928, was £5,967,121 (including $£ 84,197$ transferred from ordinary loans). Of this sum $£ 1,807,397$ had been repaid, leaving outstanding at that date $£ 4,159,724$, which is included in the total of $£ 20,851,476$ shown above.

The Housing and Reclamation Act 1920 authorizes the Commissioners of the Savings Bank to purchase and build houses for persons who have an income of not more than $£ 400$ per annum, and who do not own a house. The total cost of house and land is limited to $£ 1,000$ if the house is of wood, and to $£ 1,300$ if of brick, stone, or concrete. Borrowers are required to pay a deposit of $£ 50$, but if the house is within three-quarters of a mile of a railway station or tram line, the deposit may be reduced to $£ 35$ for applicants with two children, to $£ 30$ when there are three children, and to $£ 25$ when that number is exceeded, but only children under 14 years are taken into consideration.

The rate of payment by borrowers is 12s. 11d. per month for each $£ 100$ (including interest at $6 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent.) which pays off the debt in $26_{\frac{5}{5}}^{5}$ years. The funds for this branch of the Bank's operations are raised by the issue of Crédit Foncier debentures, guaranteed by the Government of Victoria. The amount expended and remaining at debit of borrowers and purchasers at 30th June, 1928, was $£ 3,498,125$. This represented $£ 3,320,727$-the balance owing on 5,127 houses erected or purchased; and $£ 177,398$-the expenditure on 766 houses in course of erection
and sites for dwellings. The purchase of dwellings ceased from 31st July, 1921, since which date the policy of the Bank has been to build and not to purchase houses, except in certain country towns where it would be considered inadvisable to build new houses.

The total transactions in the "Crédit Foncier" department, under the three sections thereof, are shown below :-

## STATE SAVINGS BANK-TRANSACTIONS IN ADVANCES DEPARTMENT.



* Including $£ 1,290,217$ offered to, but not accepted by 3,231 applicants.
$\dagger$ Including $£ 1,015,995$ offered to, but not accepted by 1,630 applicants.
The net profit for the year in the advances department was $£ 21,600$. This amount will be transferred to reserve fund, and will make the total of that fund $£ 423,271$, which is held, in accordance with Act No. 2729, for the purpose of meeting any loss or deficiency that may occur in the department.

As a measure of the safety with which this department has been conducted, it may be mentioned that the amount of interest due during the year to 30 th June, 1928, and in arrear at 18th September, 1928, on Crédit Foncier loans and Housing Act advances was :-

|  |  |  | $\mathfrak{£}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Total amount of interest due | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$. | $\mathbf{1 , 1 4 8 , 8 0 8}$ |
| Total amount of interest received | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$. | $1,13,751$ |  |
| Total amount of interest unpaid | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 15,057 |  |

In addition to the foregoing statement, the following table gives more detailed information relating to the transactions of the Advances Department during the financial years, 1926-27 and 1927-28:-

## ADVANCES DEPARTMENT-DETAILS OF NUMBER AND AMOUNT OF ADVANCES, 1926-27 AND 1927-28.

| Heading. | Advances Made During Year Ended 30th June, 1927. |  | Advances Made During Year Ended 30th June, 1928. |  | Total Loans Current at 30th June, 1928. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. | Amount. | Number. | Amount. | Number. | Amount. |
| On Houses and Shops- |  | £ |  | £ |  | £ |
| Ordinary Borrowers | 2,128 | 1,314,664 | 2,584 | 1,589,545 |  | 9,344,012 |
| Discharged Soldiers | 576 | 412,076 | 587 | 417,276 | 6,811 | 3,705,058 |
| In course of erection | 105 | 39,175 | 88 | 35,429 | -88 | - 35,430 |
| Total | 2,809 | 1,765,915 | 3,259 | 2,042,250 | 28,478 | 13,084,500 |
| On FarmsOrdinary Borrowers |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Discharged Soldiers | ${ }_{64} 61$ | 457,808 | 721 | 947,111 | 4,844 | 3,814,185 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 465 | 533,358 | 809 | 1,044,746 | 5,317 | 4,268,851 |
| Housing Act Advances- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Erected or Purchased | 696 | 416,366 | 1,169 | 731,009 | 5,127 | 3,320,727 |
| for Dwellings .. | 401 | 145, 675 | 766 | 177,398 | 766 | 177,398 |
| Total | 1,097 | 562,041 | 1,935 | 908,407 | 5,893 | 3,4\%,125 |
| Grand Torar | 4,371 | 2,861,314 | 6,003 | 3,995,403 | 30,688 | 20,851,476 |

The Savings Bank department of the Commonwealth

Commonwealth Savings Bank In Vietoria. Bank commenced business on 15th July, 1912. The during each of the last five years :-

COMMONWEALTH SAVINGS BANK IN VICTORIA, 1923-24 TO 1927-28.

| Year ended 30th June- | Deposits. | Withdrawals. | Number of Accounts. |  |  | Amount at credit of Depositors. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Opened. | Closed. | Remaining open at end of period. |  |
|  | £ | £ |  |  |  | £ |
| 1924 | 6,143,773 | 6,544,235 | 24,566 | 17,483 | 148,074 | 5,669,977 |
| 1925 | 5,457,224 | 5,894,368 | 24,073 | 19,267 | 152,880 | 5,563,241 |
| 1926 | 6,130,955 | 6,102,461 | 24,457 | 17,002 | 160,335 | 5,912,911 |
| 1927 | 6,331,118 | 6,563,363 | 24,831 | 16,961 | 168,205 | 6,072;831 |
| 1928 | 5,940,481 | 6,332,552 | 24,279 | 16,324 | 176,160 | 6,045,409 |

The foregoing tables deal separately with the Savings Bank of Victoria, but in the appended statement the aggregate amount on deposit, and the amount deposited per head of population, in the State Savings Bank and the Commonwealth Savings Bank in Victoria. are given for each of the last ten years:-

SAVINGS BANKS.-DEPOSITS IN VICTORIA, 1918-19 TO
(Including Commonwealth Savings Bank.)


* Including School Bank and Deposit Stock Account.


## RETAIL PRICE INDEX-NUMBERS.

The retail price Index-Numbers, under two headings, cost of Living for Victoria and Melbourne are shown, where available, Index-
Numbers. in the following tables for both calendar and financial years. The figures have been prepared by the Commonwealth Statistician, and the weighted average cost for the six Australian capital cities in 1911 has been taken as the base $(=1,000)$.

RETAIL PRICE INDEX-NUMBERS FOR VICTORIA (FIVE PRINCIPAL TOWNS), 1911 TO 1928.


* Prepared for the Commonwealth Court of Conciliation and Arbitration.
$\dagger$ Not computed for these periods.

RETAIL PRICE INDEX-NUMBERS FOR MELBOURNE, 1911 TO 1928.

| Calendar Year. | Food, Groceries, and all Houses.* | Food, Groceries, and Housing (4 and 5 rooms only). | Financial | Food, Groceries, and all Houses.* | Food, Groceries, and Housing (4 and 5 rooms only). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Index | Index Number. |  | Index Number. | Index Number. |
| 1911 | 950 | 934 | 1911-12 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| 1912 | 1,055 | $\dagger$ | 1912-13 | 1,075 | $\dagger$ |
| 1913 | 1,051 | $\dagger$ | 1913-14 | 1,073 | $\dagger$ |
| 1914 . | 1,105 | 1,067 | 1914-36 | 1,159 | $\dagger$ |
| 1915 | 1,277 | $\dagger$ | 1915-16 | 1,339 | $\dagger$ |
| 1916 | 1,309 | $\dagger$ | 1916-17 | 1,287 | $\dagger$ |
| 1917 | 1,294 | $\dagger$ | 1917-18 | 1,320 | $\dagger$ |
| 1918 | 1,349 | $\dagger$ | 1918-19 | 1,402 | $\dagger$ |
| 1919 | 1,481 | $\dagger$ | 1919-20 | 1,592 | $\dagger$ |
| 1920 | 1,788 | 1,762 | 1920-21 | 1,867 | $\dagger$ |
| 1921 | 1,737 | 1,690 | 1921-22 | 1,626 | 1,569 |
| 1922 | 1,625 | 1,571 | 1922-23 | 1,676 | 1,626 |
| 1923 | 1,749 | 1,702 | 1923-24 | 1,755 | 1,705 |
| 1924 | 1,703 | 1,643 | 1924-25 | 1,712 | 1,651 |
| 1925 | 1,745 | 1,694 | 1925-26 | 1,788 | 1,738 |
| 1926 | 1,801 | 1,744 | 1926-27 | 1,771 | 1,712 |
| 1927 | 1,781 | 1,724 | 1927-28 | 1,785 | 1,744 |

* Prepared for the Commonwealth Court of Conciliation and Arbitration.
$\dagger$ Not computed for these periods.
From the foregoing index-numbers a computation on a monetary basis has been made which shows the amounts necessary to purchase in Victoria and Melbourne what would have cost on the average $\mathfrak{f l}$ in

1911 in the Australian capital cities taken as a whole-considering Food, Groceries, and Rent of all houses.

## AVERAGE COST OF LIVING IN VICTORIA AND. MELBOURNE, 1912 TO 1928.

(Base $=£ 1$ purchasing power in 1911 in the Australian Capital Cities regarded as a whole).

| Calendar Year. | Victoria (five principal towns). | Melbourne. | $\underset{\text { Year }}{\text { Financial }}$ | Victoria (five principal towns). | Melbourne. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | £ s. $d$. | £ s. d. |  | £ s. ${ }^{\text {d }}$. | £ s. d. |
| 1912 | $1 \begin{array}{lll}1 & 0 & 8\end{array}$ | 111 | 1912-13 | 110 | 116 |
| 1913 | 106 | 110 | 1913-14 | $1 \quad 0 \quad 10$ | 116 |
| 1914 . | 116 | $1 \begin{array}{lll}1 & 2 & 1\end{array}$ | 1914-15 | 127 | 132 |
| 1915 | 150 | 156 | 1915-16 | $1{ }^{1} 63$ | 169 |
| 1916 | $1 \begin{array}{lll}1 & 5 & 7\end{array}$ | $1 \begin{array}{lll}1 & 6\end{array}$ | 1916-17 | $1 \begin{array}{lll}1 & 5 & 2\end{array}$ | 1.59 |
| 1917 | 153 | 1.511 | 1917-18 | $1 \begin{array}{lll}1 & 5 & 9\end{array}$ | 165 |
| 1918 | $\begin{array}{lll}1 & 6 & 3\end{array}$ | 170 | 1918-19 | $\begin{array}{lll}1 & 7 & 2\end{array}$ | 180 |
| 1919 | 1889 | $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 9 & 7\end{array}$ | 1919-20 | 1110 | 11110 |
| 1920 | 11411 | 1159 | 1920-21 | 116.6 | 1174 |
| 1921 | 1140 | 1149 | 1921-22 | 1118 | 1126 |
| 1922 | 1118 | 1126 | 1922-23 | 11210 | 1136 |
| 1923 | 1145 | 1150 | 1923-24 | 1147 | 1151 |
| 1924 | 1136 | $114{ }^{\prime} 1$ | 1924-25 | 1138 | $\begin{array}{lll}114 & 3\end{array}$ |
| 1925 | 1145 | 11411 | 1925-26 | 115.4 | 1159 |
| 1926 | 1156 | 1160 | 1926-27 | 1150 | $115 \quad 5$ |
| 1927 | $115 \quad 2$ | 1157 | 1927-28 | 1154 | 1158 |

## PROBATE RETURNS.

Probates and Letters of Administration Granted.

The accompanying table shows the number and value of estates of deceased persons of each sex in connexion with which probate or letters of administration were finally completed during each of the last ten years. Included in the return are the estates of deceased persons administered by the Curator, also the estates of soldiers who died while on service abroad.

## PROBATES AND LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION, 1918 TO 1927.

| Calendar Year. | Number of - |  | Total Number of Estates. | Gross Value of Estates- |  | Liabilities. | Net Value of Estates. | A verage to Each Estate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Probates. | Letters of Adminis. tration. |  | Real. | Personal. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\mathfrak{E}$ | $£$ | £ | $\pm$ | £ |

Males.

| 1918 | 3,065 | 1,9 | 5,039 | 4,360,748 | 5,914,850 | 1,370,441 | 8,005,157 | 1,767 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1919 | 2,981 | 1,993 | 4,974 | 4,614,969 | 8,041,646 | 1,657,902 | 10,998,713 | 2,211 |
| 1920 | 2,393 | 1,203 | 3,596 | 4,461,595 | 8,716,822 | 1,436,956 | 11,741,461 | 3,265 |
| 1921 | 2,483 | 1,082 | 3,565 | 4,475,921 | 6,310,227 | 1,370,934 | 9,415,214 | 2,641 |
| 1922 | 2,290 | 956 | 3,246 | 4,022,807 | 6,759,599 | 1,322,407 | 9,459,999 | 2,914 |
| 1923 | 2,771 | 985 | 3,756 | 4,977,950 | 7,365,102 | 1,546,999 | 10,796,053 | 2,874 |
| 1924 | 2,443 | 919 | 3,362 | 4,196,823 | 6,235,127 | 1,249,747 | 9,182,203 | 2,731 |
| 1925 |  |  |  | (not ava | able) |  |  |  |
| 1926 | 2,469 | 1,057 | 3,526 | 4,489,284 | 7,197,436 | 1,857,029 | 10,329,691 | 2,930 |
| 1927 | 2,436 | 944 | 3,380 | 4,366,618 | 10,033,084 | 1,484,483 | (12,915,219 | 3,821 |

FEMALES.

| 1918 | 1,325 | 571 | 1,896 | 999,680 | 1,301,190 | 196,733 | 2,104,137 | 1,110 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1919 | 1,604 | 826 | 2,430 | 1,357,717 | 1,820,357 | 332,601 | 2,845,473 | 1,171 |
| 1920 | 1,511 | 730 | 2,241 | 1,240,319 | 1,924,327 | 233,868 | 2,930,778 | 1,308 |
| 1921 | 1,545 | 659 | 2,204 | 1,430,073 | 2,021,739 | 312,161 | 3,139,651 | 1,425 |
| 1922 | 1,555 | 644 | 2,199 | 1,373,177 | 2,114,738 | 306,651 | 3,181,264 | 1,447 |
| 1923 | 1,845 | 682 | 2,527 | 1,967,718 | 2,698,526 | 391,572 | 4,274,672 | 1,692 |
| 1924 | 1,610 | 568 | 2,178 | 1,645,591 | 2,334,101 | 330,627 | 3,649,065 | 1,675 |
| 1925 |  |  |  | (not ava | able) |  |  |  |
| 1926 | 1,684 1,798 | 61.7 | 2,337 2,415 | 1,617,413 | $2,686,555$ $2,383,876$ | 320,292 358,213 | $3,983,676$ $3,815,325$ | 1,705 1,580 |

TOTAL.

| 1918 | $\cdots$ | 4,390 | 2,545 | 6,935 | $5,360,428$ | $7,216,040$ |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1919 | $\cdots$ | 4,585 | 2,819 | 7,404 | $5,972,686$ | $9,862,003$ |
| 1920 | $\cdots$ | 3,904 | 1,933 | 5,837 | $5,701,914$ | $10,641,149$ |
| 1921 | $\cdots$ | 4,028 | 1,741 | 5,769 | $5,905,994$ | $8,331,966$ |
| 1922 | $\cdots$ | 3,845 | 1,600 | 5,445 | $5,395,984$ | $8,874,337$ |
| 1923 | $\cdots$ | 4,616 | 1,667 | 6,283 | $6,945,668$ | $10,063,628$ |
| 1924 | $\cdots$ | 4,053 | 1,487 | 5,540 | $5,842,414$ | $8,569,228$ |
| 1925 | $\cdots$ | 3,764 | 1,440 | 5,204 | $14,652.925$ |  |
| 1926 | $\cdots$ | 4,153 | 1,710 | 5,863 | $6,106,697$ | $9,883,991$ |
| 1927 | $\cdots$ | 4,234 | 1,561 | 5,795 | $6,156,280$ | $12,416,960$ |


| 1,567,174 | 11,009,294 | 1,587 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,990,503 | 13,844,186 | 1,870 |
| 1,670,824 | 14,672,239 | 2,514 |
| 1,683,095 | 12,554,865 | 2,176 |
| 1,629,058 | 12,641,263 | 2,322 |
| 1,938,571 | 15,070,725 | 2,399 |
| 1,580,374 | 12,831,268 | 2,316 |
| 1,425,682 | 13,227,243 | 2,542 |
| 1,967,321 | 14,313,367 | 2,441 |
| 1,842,696 | 16,730,544 | 2,887 |

The numbers and values of estates dealt with in each of the last four years, grouped according to value, are as follows :-

> NUMBER AND VALUE OF ESTATES OF DECEASED PERSONS, 1924 TO 1927.

| Value. | 1924. |  | 1925. |  | 1926. |  | 1927. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 安 著 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | £ |  | £ |  | £ |  | £ |
| Under $£ 100$ | 593 | 29,777 | 556 | 25,974 | 646 | 30,817 | 516 | 17,820 |
| £100 to £300 | 993 | 189,943 | 864 | 186,079 | 1,001 | 187,643 | 1,027 | 192,979 |
| £300 to £500 | 760 | 299,354 | 727 | 285,974 | 885 | 351,150 | 868 | 343,373 |
| £500 to $£ 1,000$ | 1,035 | 760,736 | 971 | 702,673 | 1,047 | 761,468 | 1,095 | 792,005 |
| £1,000 to £2,000 | 846 | 1,209,533 | 785 | 1,109,305 | 870 | 1,233,830 | 907 | 1,286,683 |
| £2,000 to £3,000. | 360 | 879,033 | 323 | 785,3.79 | 406 | 1,004,302 | 412 | 1,010,423 |
| £3,000 to $£ 4,000$. | 235 | 816,034 | 203 | 706,154 | 228 | 794,579 | 241 | 828,558 |
| £ $£, 000$ to $£ 5,000$.. | 133 | 589,199 | 142 | 635,593 | 150 | 670,462 | 130 | 576,254 |
| $£ 5,000$ to $£ 10,000$ | 356 | 2,460,314 | 296 | 2,019,206 | 343 | 2,429,271 | 339 | 2,344,826 |
| $£ 10,000$ to $£ 15,000$ | 118 | 1,419,048 | 74 | 894,247 | 130 | 1,582,142 | 110 | 1,321,044 |
| $£ 15,000$ to $£ 25,000$ | 54 | 997,147 | 91 | 1,761,897 | 85 | 1,648,278 | 85 | 1,684,824 |
| £25,000 to £50,000 | 36 | 1,139,568 | 40 | 1,369,738 | 45 | 1,471,937 | 43 | 1,450,925 |
| £50,000 to $£ 100,000$ | 15 | 1,092,791 | 27 | 1,799,114 | 20 | 1,298,075 | 13 | 909,942 |
| Over £100,000 .. | 6 | 948,791 | 5 | 946,110 | 7 | 849,413 | 9 | 3,970,888 |
| Total | 5,540 | 12,831,268 | 5,204 | 13,227,243 | 5,863 | 14,313,367 | 5,795 | 16,730,544 |

The next statement, under the above heading, distinguishes the estates of males from those of females for each of the years 1926 and 1927-similar particulars relating to 1925 are not available.

NUMBER AND VALUE OF ESTATES OF DECEASED PERSONS (MALES AND FEMALES), 1926 AND 1927.

| Value. | 1926. |  | 1927. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. | Net Value. | Number. | Net Value. |
|  | Males. |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }^{\text {£ }}$ |  |  |
| Under $£ 100$ | 404 | 17,412 | 319 | 11,093 |
| £100 to £300 .. | 554 | 104,089 | 561 | 107,587 |
| £300 to $£ 500$. | 498 | 196,458 | 452 | 181,079 |
| £500 to $£ 1,000$ | 601 | 433,857 | 594 | 431,180 |
| £1,000 to £2,000 | 503 | 712,613 | 534 | 765,839 |
| £2,000 to $£ 3,000$ | 259 | 636,728 | 239 | 586,800 |
| £3,000 to $£ 4,000$ | 139 | 482,150 | 146 | 506,062 |
| $£ 4,000$ to $£ 5,000$ | 101 | 450,627 | 86 | 381,396 |
| £5,000 to $£ 10,000$ | 245 | 1,763,416 | 242 | 1,663,646 |
| £10,000 to $£ 15,000$ | 97 | 1,174,810 | 85 | 1,010,358 |
| £15,000 to $£ 25,000$ | 66 | 1,284,223 | 67 | 1,315,330 |
| £25,000 to $\mathbf{£ 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ | 36 | 1,176,902 | 35 | 1,175,014 |
| £50,000 to £100,000 | 16 | 1,046,993 | ) 11 | 808,947 |
| Over $£ 100,000 .$. | 7 | 849,413 | 9 | 3,970,888 |
| Total Males | 3,526 | 10,329,691 | 3,380 | 12,915,219 |
|  | Females. |  |  |  |
| Under $£ 100$ | 242 | 13,405 | 197 | 6,727 |
| £100 to £300 | 447 | 83,554 | 466 | 85,392 |
| $£ 300$ to $£ 500$. . | 387 | 154,692 | 416 | 162,294 |
| $£ 500$ to $£ 1,000$ | 446 | 327,611 | 501 | 360,825 |
| £1,000 to £2,000 | 367 | 521,217 | 373 | 520,844 |
| £2,000 to $£ 3,000$ | 147 | 367,574 | 173 | 423.623 |
| £3,000 to $£ 4,000$ | 89 | 312,429 | 95 | 322,496 |
| £4,000 to $£ 5,000$ | 49 | 219,835 | 44 | 194,858 |
| £5,000 to $£ 10,000$ | 98 | 665,855 | 97 | 681,180 |
| £10,000 to $£ 15,000$ | 33 | 407,332 | 25 | 310,686 |
| £15,000 to $£ 25,000$ | 19 | 364,055 | 18 | 369,494 |
| £25,000 to $\mathbf{£ 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ | 9 | 295,035 | 8 | 275,911 |
| £50,000 to $£ 100,000$ | 4 | 251,082 | 2 | 100,995 |
| Over $£ 100,000 .$. |  | . . | . | .. |
| Total Females | 2,337 | 3,983,676 | 2,415 | 3,815,325 |
| Grand Total | 5,863 | 14,313,367 | 5,795 | 16,730,544 |

ROYAL MINT.

Royal Mint retarns.

The Melbourne branch of the Royal Mint was established in 1872, the date of opening being the 12th June. The following table shows for the period 1872 to 1923 and for
each of the last four years the quantity of gold received at the Mint, where the same was raised, and its coinage value; also the gold coin and bullion issued during the same periods :-

GOLD RECEIVED AND ISSUED AT ROYAL MINT, 1872 TO 1927.

| Gold Received. |  | 1872 to 1923. | 1924. | 1925. | 1926. | 1927. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross Weight. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raised in Victoria .. | oz. | 28,431,871 | 76,874 | 51,280 | 52,411 | 40,976 |
| New Zealand | " | 3,823,987 | 18 | 16,579 | 52,378 | 103,423 |
| ," Western Australia | " | 2,941,204 | 9,020 | 1 | 8 | 8 |
| ,, Elsewhere | " | 4,477,930 | 23,310 | 764,894 | 66,183 | 122,429 |
| Total | " | $\cdot 39,674,992$ | 109,222 | 832,754 | 170,980 | 266,835 |
| Coinage Value | £ | 155,438,476 | 369,782 | 3,439,680 | 636,258 | 1,052,352 |
| Gold Issued. <br> Coin- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sovereigns | No. | 142,186,813 | 278,140 | 3,311,662 | 211,107 | 310,156 |
| Half-Sovereigns | " | 1,893,559 | .. | . |  |  |
| Bullion-Quantity . |  | 2,971,621 | 26,028 | 32,766 | 38,292 | 260,452 |
| , Value | £ | 12,294,576 | 101,347 | 127,584 | 149,100 | 1,014,137 |
| Total value, Coin and Bullion | f | 155,428,168 | 379,487 | 3,439,246 | 360,207 | 1,324,293 |

[^5]Since the opening of the Mint $41,054,783$ ounces of gold have been received thereat, the coinage value at $£ 317 \mathrm{~s}$. $10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. per ounce standard being $£ 160,936,548$, thus averaging about $£ 318 \mathrm{~s}$. 5 d , per ounce gross. Of the total quantity of gold received at the Mint, $28,653,411$ ounces were raised in Victoria, $3,996,385$ ounces in New Zealand, 2,950,241 ounces in Western Australia, 1,315,482 ounces in Tasmania, and 850,984 ounces in South Australia. The number of deposits received during 1927 was 1,343 , of a gross weight of 266,835 ounces. The average composition of these deposits was gold $928 \cdot 5$, silver $33 \cdot 5$, and base 38.0 in every 1,000 parts. The average value of Victorian gold received at the Mint during the year 1927 was $£ 318 \mathrm{~s} .4 \mathrm{~d}$. per ounce gross, $£ 318 \mathrm{~s}$. 3 d . being the value of the gold and 1 d . the
value of the silver contained therein. The output of the Mint since its establishment has consisted of $146,297,878$ sovereigns, $1,893,559$ half-sovereigns, and $3,329,159$ ounces of gold bullion; the total value of coin and bullion being $£ 160,931,401$.

In the following table particulars of the coinages and the issue of silver and bronze pieces for the requirements of the Commonwealth Treasury are given for each of the last five years:-

COINAGE OF SILVER AND BRONZE AT ROYAL MINT, 1923 TO 1927.

| Denomination. |  | Number of Fieces Issued to Commonwealth Treasury. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1923. | 1924. | 1925. | 1926. | 1927. |
| Silver- | 2s, .. | 1,038,000 | 870,000 | 2,399,000 | 2,072,000 | 3,420,000 |
|  | 1s. .. | 396,000 | 388,000 | 1,114,000 | 1,936,000 | 1,416,000 |
|  | 6d. .. | 208,000 | 616,000 | 2,176,000 | 3,404,000 | 2,808,000 |
|  | 3d. .. | 816,000 | 1,160,000 | 3,024,000 | 5,400,000 | 6,688,000 |
| Total Silver | Pieces. . | 2,458,000 | 3,034,000 | 8,713,000 | 12,812,000 | 14,332,000 |
| - Value | .. $\mathfrak{f}$ | 139,000 | 136,300 | 387,800 | 456,600 | 566,600 |
| Bronzo- | ld. .. | 5,289,600 | 1,339,200 | 1,639,200 | 981,600 | 3,928,800 |
|  | $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{~d} . .$. | .. | 681,600 | 1,147,200 | 2,140,800 | 2,524,800 |
| Total Bronze | Pieces | 5,289,600 | 2,020,800 | 2,786,400 | 3,122,400 | 6,453,600 |
| Value | $\ldots \boldsymbol{£}$ | 22,040 | 7,000 | 9,220 | 8,550 | 21,630 |

The next table shows the quantity and value of silver extracted from gold at the Mint and the quantities of silver and gold issued for industrial purposes in each of the last five years:-

ROYAL MINT-EXTRACTIONS OF SILVER AND ISSUE OF SILVER AND GOLD FOR INDUSTRIAL PURPOSES, 1923 TO 1927.

| Year. | Silver extracted from Gold at Mint. |  | Silver extracted from Victorian Gold at Mint. |  | Silver issued by Mint to Jewellers, \&c. | Gold issued by Mint to Jewellers, \&c. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity. | Value. | Quantity. | Value. |  |  |
|  | Fine oz. | £ | Fine oz. | £ | Fine oz. | Standard on, |
| 1923 | 12,409 | 1,897 | 6,304 | 963 | 19,174 | 27,276 |
| 1924 | 14,479 | 2,216 | 4,216 | 645 | 71,078 | 26005 |
| 1925 | -6,909 | 999 | 2,082 | 291 | 16,862 | 32,776 |
| 1926 | 9,330 | 1,207 | 2,374 | 307 | 15,537 | 38,292 |
| 1927 | 7,229 | 847 | 1,211 | 142 | 13,118 | 21,778 |

The revenue derived from Mint Charges, \&c., from the opening of the Mint to 31st December, 1927, is shown in the following statement :-

RREVENUE DERIVED FROM MINT CHARGES, 1872 TO 1927.


## INSURANCE.

There were twenty-seven companies transacting life assur-
Lite Assurance. ance business in Victoria during 1927. Eight of these companies have their head offices in Victoria, twelve in New South Wales, one in Queensland, one in New Zealand, one in America, and four in the United Kingdom. The following table shows the number and amount of policies in force in Victoria with companies whose head offices are within, and with those whose head offices are outside Victoria, for the years 1918 to 1927 :-

LIFE POLICIES IN FORCE IN VICTORIA, 1918 TO 1927.

| Year. | Companies wth Head Offices In- |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Victoria. | New South Wales. | Queensland. | Zealand. | United <br> Kingdom. | America. |  |
|  | Number. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1918 | 178,198 | 265,044 | . | 6,712 | 516 | 3,254 | 453,724 |
| 1919 | 192,595 | 281,936 | .. | 6,959 | 435 | 3,040 | 484,9605 |
| 1920 | 210,200 | 303,326 | . | 7,767 | 435 | 2,792 | 524,520 |
| 1921 | 225,821 | 325,947 | . | 7,562 | 427 | 2,575 | 562,332 |
| 1922 | 247,998 | 348,809 | 37 | 8,249 | 427 | 2,320 | 607,840 |
| 1923 | 266,893 | 371,945 | 452 | 9,189 | 402 | 1,551 | 650,432 |
| 1924 | 287,587 | 390,213 | 519 | 9,575 | 390 | 1,427 | 689,711 |
| 1925 | 305,947 | 404,027 | 595 | 9,570 | 366 | 157 | 720,662 |
| 1926 | 321,936 | 414,627 | 761 | 9,342 | 369 | 156 | 747,191 |
| 1927 | 339,952 | 429,625 | 1,064 | 10,141 | 365 | 147 | 781,294 |
|  | Amount. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | £ | £ | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| 1918 | 15,442,555 | 34,498,021 | . | 205,224 | 241,572 | 1,176,262 | 51,563,634 |
| 1919 | 17,318,071 | 36,827,095 | . | 219,548 | 171,226 | 1,120,676 | 55,656,616 |
| 1920 | 19,736,511 | 40,207,515 | $\cdots$ | 235,805 | 155,085 | 1,070,989 | 61,405,905 |
| 1921 | 20,993,483 | 43,688,946 |  | 257,046 | 148,966 | 1,014,189 | 66,102,630 |
| 1922 | 23,090,011 | 47,839,132 | 8,681 | 271,705 | 146,122 | 991,571 | 72,347,222 |
| 1923 | 25,712,908 | 51,571,604 | 136,914 | 305,591 | 134,743 | 828,859 | 78,690,619 |
| 1924 | 28,046,381 | 54,752,084 | 189,212 | 329,460 | 136,441 | 820,142 | 84,273,720 |
| 1925 | 31,004,123 | 57,536,252 | 258,028 | 338,319 | 124,770 | 66,493 | 89,327,985 |
| 1926 | 33,140,784 | 59,785,134 | 304,061 | 332,248 | 125,770 | 66,743 | 93,754,740 |
| 1927 | 35,760,957 | 62,735,550 | 356,690 | 356,460 | 122,560 | 61,587 | 99,393,804 |

The figures in the preceding table relate to simple life assurance, endowment assurance, and pure endowment policies, in both the ordinary and industrial classes.

In addition to the 27 companies included in the above table there is one which is registered as a life assurance company with its head office in Victoria but has not transacted ordinary life assurance business. It contracts for medical, sick and funeral benefits, and its premium income for the year ended 31st December, 1927, was £14,045.

Of the total amount assured ( $\{99 ; 393,804$ ), at the end of 1927 , 99.82 per cent. was in Australasian, 12 per cent. in British, and $\cdot 06$ per cent. in American offices. The corresponding percentages at the end of 1917 were $96 \cdot 89,53$, and $2 \cdot 58$.

The business transacted by the different offices comprises
classification of assurance policies. many varieties of assurance, but these may be grouped. into three large classes-(1) simple assurance payable only at death; (2) endowment assurance, payable at the end of a specified term or at previous death; (3) endowments payable only should a person named survive a specified term. An endeavour has been made to obtain direct from each office the business under each of these classes; but in the case of four of the offices the separation between simple assurance and endowment assurance cannot be effected.

Industrial Assurance policies are usually for small amounts, and the premiums are collected at weekly or fortnightly intervals by agents of the insurance company who call at the homes of the assured. Many of these policies are on the lives of children. The Commonwealth Life Assurance Companies Act 1905 places a limitation on the amount which may be assured on the life of a child under the age of ten years, the amount varying from $£ 5$ in the first to $£ 45$ in the tenth year.

The next table contains particulars of life assurance policies in force in the Ordinary and Industrial departments of companies in each of the last five years:-

LIFE ASSURANCE POLICIES IN FORCE, 1923 TO 1927.


* Excluding one small company which has been unable to supply the figures.

There has been an increase of 3,935 ordinary and 30,168 industrial doficies as compared with 1926, the increase in the total sum assured $q 4$ the ordinary policies being $£ 3,814,173$ and in that by the industrial
policies $£ 1,824,891$. The average amount of policy in the former category for 1927 was $£ 282$, and-calculated from the returns of those societies which distinguish between simple assurance and endowment assurance-the average amount of the simple assurance policy in the ordinary branch was $£ 470$, and that of the endowment assurance policy £186, the total amounts of the policies in the two forms of assurance being $£ 30,664,580$ for simple assurance, and $£ 25,182,126$ for endowment assurance. The amount secured under pure endowment policies was $£ 2,031,441$, or an average of $£ 134$ under each policy. In the industrial branch of the business the average amount of policy was $£ 40 \cdot 4$, the average amounts in the three classes being:--simple assurance, $£ 21 \cdot 0$; endowment assurance, $£ 42 \cdot 8$; and pure endowment, $£ 41 \cdot 7$. The total amounts assured in the three classes were $£ 1,096,825, £ 17,841,326$, and $£ 1,291,010$ respectively. Taking these figures in conjunction with those relating to the ordinary business (with the restriction before mentioned) a preference in favour of endowment assurance is shown. A better test of popularity is furnished by the number of policies in the respective classes. In the ordinary branch of the business of the companies where the distinction is made there were 65,298 simple assurance, and 135,340 endowment assurance policies, and, in the industrial branch, 52,118 and 417,123 policies respectively. The popularity of the endowment assurance policy has been evidenced by the figures for many years past.

The following statement shows for each of the last ten years the a verage amount of policy held in the Ordinary and Industrial branches of the business respectively, also the amount assured and the premium payable per head of population in both branches combined :-

## AVERAGE AMOUNTS OF ORDINARY AND INDUSTRIAL POLICIES, AND BUSINESS PER HEAD OF POPULATION, 1918 T0 1927.



The following are the number and amount of annuity policies. policies which were in force in Victoria at the end of each of the last ten years, a distinction being made between those in force in companies whose head offices are inside, and those in companies whose head offices are outside Victoria :-

## ANNUITY POLICIES IN FORCE IN VICTORIA, 1918 TO 1927.

|  |  | Head Offices in Victoria. |  | Head Offces outsideVictoria. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number: | Amount per . Annum | Number. | Amount per Annum. | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amount per } \\ & \text { Annum. } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | £ |  | £ |  | £ |
| 1918 |  | 196 | 11,934 | 415 | 19,364 | 611 | 31,298 |
| 1919 |  | 201 | 12,464 | 396 | 18,875 | 597 | 51,339 |
| 1920 |  | 204 | 12,584 | 388 | 18,484 | 592 | 31,088 |
| 1921 |  | 203 | 12,880 | 376 | 17,846 | 579 | 30,726 |
| 1922 |  | 206 | 13,633 | 363 | 17,627 | 569 | 31,260 |
| 1923 |  | 242 | 16,072 | 319 | 16,067 | 561 | 32,139 |
| 1924 |  | 249 | 16,243 | 322 | 17,220 | 571 | 33,463 |
| 1925 |  | 253 | 14,641 | 317 | 17,089 | 570 | 31,730 |
| 1926 |  | 259 | 15,874 | 310 | 16,834 | 569 | 32,708 |
| 1927 |  | 271 | 17,333 | 305 | 16,732 | 576 | 34,065 |

Of the 305 annuities held in 1927 in companies whose head offices were outside Victoria, 294 for $£ 15,629$ per annum were in New South Wales offices, 6 for $£ 999$ in English offices, and 5 for $£ 104$ in American offices. The figures in the above table include annuities granted by industrial departments of life assurance companies, of which there was one for $£ 49$ in force on 31st December, 1927.

The preceding tables relate to policies in force. The

Life
 new business. succeeding table contains summarized information in relation to the new business written by all life assurance companies during each of the last five years, the number of policies, sum assured, and premium income being given.

LIFE ASSURANCE-NEW POLICIES ISSUED, 1923 TO 1927.


The new business for 1927 includes 24,031 ordinary assurance policies for $£ 8,985,294$ and 95,779 industrial policies for $£ 4,573,589$, the former averaging $£ 374$ and the latter $£ 48$ in amount. After
taking into consideration the numbar of policies in force and the sum assured at the end of the years 1926 and 1927, and allowing for new business during the latter yoar, those which became claims by death or maturity, or were discontinued, in 1927 have numbered 20,096 for $£ 5,171,121$ in ordinary, and 65,611 for $£ 2,748,698$ in industrial assurance business.

InsuraneaOther than Lif.

There were 129 companies transacting general insurance (other than life) businsss in Victoria during 1926-27. The revenue and expenditure relating to the principal classes of insurance are shown in detail for that year in the following statement:-

GENERAL INSURANCE BUSINESS IN VICTORIA, 1926-27.

| Nature of Insurance. | Revenue in Victoria. |  |  | Expenditure in Victoria. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Premiums less Rein surances and Returns. | Other Revenue (Interest, Rent, Fees, etc.). | Total | Lósses, less Reinsurances. | Expenses of Management. |  | Total. |
|  |  |  |  |  | Commission and Agents ${ }^{\circ}$ Charges. | Other. |  |
|  | £ | £ | £ | £ | $\mathcal{E}$ | £ | £ |
| Fire | 1,811,455 | 105,695 | 1,917,150 | 809,008 | 288,188 | 533,286 | 1,720,482 |
| Marine .. .. | 307,707 | 19,360 | 327,067 | 129,664 | 26,753 | 76,743 | 233,160 |
| Accident (personal) . . | 82,540 | 2,327 | 84,867 | 38,190 | 16,667 | 21,952 | 76,803 |
| Employers' Liability and Workmen's Compensation <br> . | 390,854 | 26,926 | 417,780 | 228,528 | 33,035 | 83,693 | 345,256 |
| Public Risk, Third Party | 21,679 | 845 | 22,524 | 6,014 | 3,216 | 4,643 | 13,873 |
| Plate Glass . . . . | 40,616 | 1,258 | 41,874 | 13,496 | 7,150 | 9,714 | 30,360 |
| Motor Car and Motor Cycle .. .. | 625,920 | 19,870 | 645,790 | 353,553 | 100.876 | 120,603 | 575,032 |
| Hailstone | 21,956 | 523 | 22,479 | 1,686 | 3,268 | 5,079 | 10,033 |
| Boiler Explosion .. | 567 | 68 | 635 | . | 85 | 153 | 238 |
| Live Stock | 11,189 | 156 | 11,345 | 3,850 | 1,601 | 2,634 | 8,085 |
| Burglary .. .. | 64,665 | 2,538 | 67,203, | 20,378 | 9,624 | 15,531 | 45,533 |
| Guarantee | 19,127 | 1,786 | 20,913 | 3,380 | 2,173 | 4,933 | 10,486 |
| Luss of Profits | 52,940 | 1,022 | 53,962 | 10,915 | 7,540 | 9,379 | 27,834 |
| Other | 12,433 | 267 | 12,700 | 3,833 | 1,215 | 2,952 | 8,000 |
| Grand Total | 3,463,648 | 182,641 | 3,646,289 | 1,712,495 | 501,391 | 891,295 | 3,105,181 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The total premiums amounted to $£ 3,463,648$ and losses to $£ 1,712,495$, the latter being $49 \cdot 44$ per cent. of the premiums.' The expenses for commission and agents' charges were $£ 501,391$, and for general management $£ 891,295$, making a total of $£ 1,392,686$, or $40 \cdot 21$ per cent. of the premium income, and $38 \cdot 19$ per cent. of the gross revenue.

The percentages of losses and management expenses to premium income for the year 1926-27, in the different classes of insurance, were as follows:-

## GENERAL INSURANCE EXPENDITURE, 1926-27PROPORTION OF PREMIUM INCOME.

| Nature of Tnsurance. |  | Proportion of Premium Income. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Losses. | Commission and Agents' Charges. | Other <br> Expenses of Management. |
|  |  | \% | \% | \% |
| Fire |  | $49 \cdot 63$ | $15 \cdot 91$ | $29 \cdot 44$ |
| Marine |  | $42 \cdot 14$ | 8*69 | $24 \cdot 94$ |
| Accident (Personal) |  | $46 \cdot 27$ | $20 \cdot 19$ | $29 \cdot 60$ |
| Employers' Liability and Compensation | Workmen's | 58.47 | 8.45 | $21 \cdot 41$ |
| Public Risk, Third Party | $\cdots$ | $27 \cdot 74$ | 14.83 | $21 \cdot 42$ |
| Plate Glass |  | $32 \cdot 23$ | $17 \cdot 60$ | $23 \cdot 92$ |
| Motor Car and Motor Cycle |  | $56 \times 49$ | $16 \cdot 12$ | $19 \cdot 27$ |
| Hailstone .. |  | 768 | 14.88 | $23 \cdot 13$ |
| Boiler Explosion |  |  | 14.99 | $26 \cdot 98$ |
| Live Stock .. | $\cdots$ | $34 \cdot 41$ | 14-31 | $23 \cdot 54$ |
| Burglary | $\cdots$ | 31.51 | $14 \cdot 88$ | $24 \cdot 02$ |
| Guarantee |  | $17 \cdot 67$ | 11.36 | $25 \cdot 79$ |
| Loss of Profits | $\cdots$ | $20 \cdot 62$ | $14 \cdot 24$ | $17 \cdot 72$ |
| Other |  | $30 \cdot 83$ | $9 \cdot 77$ | $23 \cdot 74$ |
| Total | .. .. | $49 \cdot 44$ | $14 \cdot 48$ | $25 \cdot 73$ |

The ratio of losses to premium income was highest in regard to the following, in the order named-employers' liability and workmen's compensation, motor vehicles, fire, accident (personal), marine.

The following table shows the transactions of insurance companies doing other than life business, which operated in Victoria, during the period 1923 to 1926-27. The figures for the last two years are not strictly comparable with those of the preceding years, owing to the introduction of an altered system of collecting the returns, in accordance with the resolution of a Statisticians' Conference.

INSURANCE—OTHER THAN LIFE, 1923 то 1926-27.

| Nature of Insurance. | Year. | Revenue. |  |  | Expenditure. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Premiums. | Other. | Total. | Losses. | Other.* | Total. |
| Fire |  | $\underset{1,600,514}{\mathbf{¢}}$ |  | ¢ 6.676230 |  | 703,530 | 1,293,143 |
|  | 1924 | 1,600,514 | 75,716 85,443 | 1,676 230 | 589,613 744,309 | 703,530 766,495 | 1,293,143 |
|  | 1925 | 1,761,308 | -73,028 | $\underset{1,834,336}{1,81,418}$ | 784,309 $1,033,833$ | 766,495 786,407 | 1,510,804 |
|  | 1925-26 | 1,750,365 | 95,500 | 1,845,865 | 1,136,975 | 797,608 | 1,820,240 |
|  | 1926-27 | 1,811,455 | 105,695 | 1,917,150 | $\begin{array}{r}1,036,875 \\ 899,008 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 821,474 | 1,720,482 |
| Marine | 1923 | 326,955 | 12,017 | 338,972 | 134,637 | 100,448 | 235,055 |
|  | 1924 | 336,658 | 12,334 | 348,992 | 217,514 | 114,744 | 332,258 |
|  | 1925 | 335,151 | 18,821 | 353,972 | 149,914 | 104,798 | 254,712 |
|  | 1925-26 | 331,428 | 13,081 | 344,509 | 162,483 | 104,946 | 267,429 |
|  | 1926-27 | 307,707 | 19.360 | 327,067 | 129,664 | 103,496 | 233,160 |
| Guarantee | 1923 | 16,279 | 732 | 17,011 | 2,758 | 6,404 | 9,162 |
|  | 1924 | 18,716 | 1,148 | 19,864 | 2,605 | 7,531 | 10,136 |
|  | 1825 | 17,783 | 817 | 18,600 | 2,499 | 7,388 | 9,887 |
|  | 1925-26 | 17,085 | 1,336 | 18,421 | 2,408 | 7,080 | 9,488 |
|  | 1926-27 | 19,127 | 1,786 | 20,913 | 3,380 | 7,106 | 10,486 |
| Live Stock | 1923 | 13,376 | 259 | 13,635 | 5,194 | 5,096 | 10,290 |
|  | 1924 | 15,081 | 296 | 15,377 | 7,401 | 5,916 | 13,317 |
|  | 1925 | 13,589 | 197 | 13,786 | 4,248 | 5,897 | 10,145 |
|  | 1925-26 | 14,515 | 205 | 14,720 | 6,722 | 5,626 | 12,348 |
|  | 1926-27 | 11,189 | 156 | 11,345 | 3,850 | 4,235 | 8,085 |
| Plate Glass | 1923 | 35,131 | 907 | 36.038 | 12,640 | 14,273 | 26,913 |
|  | 1.924 | 37,431 | 1,122 | 38,553 | 13,398 | 15,469 | 28,867 |
|  | 1925 | 37,810 | 803 | 38,613 | 13,668 | 15,816 | 28,884 |
|  | 1925-26 | 38,719 | 1,023 | 39,742 | 13,105 | 16,297 | 29,402 |
|  | 1926-27 | 40,616 | 1,238 | 41,874 | 13,446 | 16,864 | 30,360 |
| Motor Car | 1923 | 236,213 | 5,623 | 241,836 | 123,021 | 81,332 | 204,353 |
|  | 1924 | 355,071 | 8,127 | 363,198 | 221,133 | 118,795 | 339,928 |
|  | 1925 | 452,001 | 7,771 | 459,862 | 259,395 | 161,509 | 420,904 |
|  | 1925-26 $\dagger$ | 476,649 | 22,612 | 499,261 | 274,781 | 171,355 | 446,136 |
|  | $1926-27+$ | 625,920 | 19,870 | 645,790 | 353,553 | 221,479 | 575,032 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Accident (Per- } \\ & \text { sonal) } \end{aligned}$ | 1923 | 57,520 | 1,196 | 58,716 | 22,292 | 22,955 | 45,247 |
|  | 1924 | 61,160 | 1,407 | 62,567 | 17,026 | 19,061 | 36,087 |
|  | 1925 | 73,348 | 1,112 | 74,460 | 28,775 | 33,571 | 62,346 |
|  | 1925-26 | 80,923 | 3,040 | 83,963 | 39,437 | 36,925 | 76,362 |
|  | 1926-27 | 82,540 | 2,327 | 84,867 | 38,190 | 38,619 | 76,809 |
| Workers' Compensation | 1923 | 313,912 | 17,375 | 331.287 | 176,701 | 98,42 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 275.125 |
|  | 1924 | 339,474 | 18,745 | 358,219 | 235,308 | 101,340 | 336,648 |
|  | 1925 | 346,892 | 17,192 | 366,084 | 198,251 | 110,061 | 308,312 |
|  | 1925-26t | 353,450 | 23,365 | 376,815 | 200,053 | 113,539 | 313,592 |
|  | 1926-27 ${ }^{\text {+ }}$ | 390,854 | 26,926 | 417,780 | 228,528 | 116,728 | 345,256 |
| Other | 1923 | 102,181 | 4,170 | 106.351 | 40,540 | 43,557 | 84,097 |
|  | 1924 | 115,422 | 4,520 | 119,942 | 40,970 | 48,113 | 89,083 |
|  | 1925 | 128,415 | 5,644 | 134,059 | 43,251 | 56,066 | 99,317 |
|  | 1925-26 | 146,633 | 4,104 | 150,737 | 48,554 | 53,842 | 102,306 |
|  | 1926-27 | 174,240 | 5,263 | 179,503 | 42,826 | 62,685 | 105,511 |
| Totals | 1923 |  |  | 2,820,076 | 1,107;396 | 1,076,019 | 2,183,415 |
|  | 1924 | 3,014,988 | 133,142 | 2,148,130 | 1,499,664 | 1,197,464 | 2,697,128 |
|  | 1923 | 3,166,387 | 127,385 | 3,293,772 | 1,733,234 | 1,281,513 | 3,014,747 |
|  | 1925-26 | 3,209,767 | 164,266 | 3,374,033 | 1,884,518 | 1,307,218 | 3,191,736 |
|  | 1926-27 | 3,463,648 | 182,641 | 3,646,289 | 1,712,495 | 1,392,686 | 3,105,181 |

[^6]The particulars given in the ab\&ve tables relate to Victorian risks, that is, to all business written on the Victorian registers of the companies represented in the returns. The figures are net, being, in the case of premiums, the amount thereof after deduction of premiums paid to reinsuring offices in Australasia and returns; the losses
are reduced by the amounts recovered from Australasian reinsuring offices, but include losses on Victorian risks wherever paid. Premiums paid and losses recovered under re-insurances of Victorian business effected outside Australasia have not been deducted in compiling the figures.

The total amount at risk is not available, but it is obvious, from the extent of the premiums, that the amount covered must be very large. The totai losses on ail classes oi insurance for the five years given in the table represent 51 per cent. of the premiums.

## STATE ACCIDENT INSURANCE OFFICE.

A State Accident Insurance Office was established shortly after the passing of the Workers' Compensation Act for the purpose of enabling employers to obtain from the State policies of insurance indemnifying them against their liability in relation to workers' compensation. It commenced business on the day on which the Act came into operation -7th November, 1914.

The following table contains a statement of the premium income, the claims paid, and the accumulated funds for each year since the establishment of the office :-

PREMIUMS RECEIVED, CLAIMS PAID, AND ACCUMULATED FUNDS OF THE STATE ACCIDENT INSURANCE OFFICE, 1914-15 то 1927-28.

| Year. | Premiums received, less Reinsurances, Rebates, \&c. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Claims } \\ \text { including those } \end{gathered}$ outstanding). | Accumulated Funds. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | General Reserve. | Bonus Reserve. |
|  | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| 1914-15* | 27,502 | 3,006 | 2,750 | 1,494 |
| 1915-16 | 25,647 | 12,370 | 9,750 | 5,459 |
| 1916-17 | 26,249 | 13,977 | 14,750 | 7,506 $\dagger$ |
| 1917-18 | 27,426 | 14,250 | 19,000 | 3,824 |
| 1918-19 | 29,650 | 17,567 | 23,000 | 6,986 |
| 1919-20 | 32,473 | 21,412 | 26,000 | 10,080 $\dagger$ |
| 1920-21 | 39,363 | 26,863 | 28,500 | 2,702 |
| 1921-22 | 42,475 | 26,765 | 32,000 | 6,747 |
| 1922-23 | 50,222 | 26,752 | 38,500 | 14,552 $\dagger$ |
| 1923-24 | 57,748 | 38,664 | 42,500 | 6,094 |
| 1924-25 | 62,627 | 37,049 | 49,500 | 13,363 |
| 1925-26 | 64,825 | 45,800 | 56,000 | 20,738 $\dagger$ |
| 1926-27 | 72,175 | 48,049 | 63,500 | 7,338 |
| 1927-28 | 69,945 | 44,834 | 73,500 | 15,423 |

[^7]Thenet profit for the year amounted to $£ 18,084$, of which $£ 10,000$ has been set aside for the General Reserve Fund, and $£ 8,084$ for Bonus Reserve. The expense rate of the year 1927-28 was $12 \cdot 2$ per cent. This satisfactory figure is the result of careful regard to economy, and is the lowest expense rate of any insurance office in Australasia transacting Workers' Compensation Insurance business. The number of claims settled in the year mentioned, and in course of settlement at the end of the year, was 3,794 , including 23 death claims.

It is obligatory on every employer to obtain from the

Compulsory Insurance. State Accident Insurance Office or from an insurance company approved by the Governor in Council a policy of
accident insurance for the full amount of his liability to pay compensation under the Act. The number of insurance companies approved by the Governor in Council as at 30th June, 1928, was 67. One of the conditions of approval was that the company should deposit with the Treasurer a sum of not less than $£ 6,000$ (except in the case of subsidiary or acquired companies, where provision has been made for a smaller deposit), which sum was to be held in trust to insure the due fulfilment of policy obligations. The total amount lodged by all the companies which had been approved at the date mentioned was $£ 381,500$. Up to the present (October, 1928) one scheme of compensation has been certified by a Judge of the County Court in accordance with Section 13 of the Act.

The Revenue Account and Profit and Loss Account for

## Accounts.

 the year ended 30th June, 1928, and the Balance-sheet as at the end of that year, are appended :-STATE ACCIDENT INSURANCE OFFICE.

## Revenue Account for the Year bnded 30th June, 1928.



Proftt and Loss Account for the Year ended 30th Junh, 1928.

| Administration Expenses, Acts Nos. 2750 \& 3217. |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{ \pm}{200}$ | 0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agents' Expenses and Commission |  |  |  |  |  | . | 2,263 | 0 |  |
| Expenses | Lan | ent, | din | ries |  |  | 6,121 |  | 11 |
| Net Proft | - | . | - | . |  |  | 18,084 | 6 | 9 |
|  |  |  |  | Tot | - |  | 26,668 | 8 | 5 |



Balance-sheet as at 30th June, 1928.



## Workers

The principal provisions of this Act are outlined in the
Eompensation Year-Book for 1916-17, pages 552 to 558 . It was amended by an Act (No. 3,217) passed in December, 1922.
The latter Ant made the following alterations:-
(a) The maximum weekly compensation was increased from £1 10s. to $£ 2$.
(b) The maximum compensation for total disability or on death (with total dependency) was increased from $£ 500$ to $£ 600$.
(c) The payment for funeral expenses was increased from $£ 50$ to $£ 75$.
(d) The minimum weekly payment to an adult worker was fixed at $£ 1$.
(e) Various anomalies in the Fourth Schedule were corrected, and
(f) Men who contract to fell trees and deliver timber were included in the definition " worker."

## COMPANIES.

A statement of the number and the nature of the
Trading companies registered. business of trading companies floated and registered in Victoria during the year 1927 is appended :-

TRADING COMPANIES REGISTERED IN VICTORIA, 1927.

| Nature of Business. | $\xrightarrow[\text { Negis- }]{\text { No. }}$ tered. | Nature of Business. | No. Registered. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manvfacturing- |  | Mandfaturing-continued. |  |
| Tanneries | 3 | Preserves | 1 |
| Soap | 1 | Confectionery | 5 |
| Brick, pottery, tile | 3 | Cordials .. | 4 |
| ${ }_{\text {Concrete . }}^{\text {Glass }}$. | 7 | Breweries, distillers, \& c. | 1 |
| Glass .. $\quad$. | 2 | Ice .. .. | 5 |
| $\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Sawmilling, timber mer- } \\ \text { chants, \&c. } & . & .\end{array}$ | 16 | Tobacco . . Woollens and knitting | 29 |
| Engineering, ironfounding, and machinery | 16 67 | Cloollens and knitting Boot, shoes, heel ling, \&c. | 29 32 16 |
| Other metal working | 20 | Printing and publishing | 30 |
| Milk Products .. | 8 | Box .. .. | 3 |

Trading Compantes Registezed in Victoria, 1927-continued.


The figures in the above table refer only to companies floated and registered in Victoria under Part I. of the Companies Act 1915, and are exclusive of 51 foreign companies registered during the year. Fiftyone ordinary mining companies were registered during 1927 under Part II. of the Act. These, as well as insurance companies doing life business only, and building societies, are also excluded from the table.

Of the 986 companies registered during 1927 as shown above， 885 ，or about 90 per cent．，were registered as proprietary companies．

Particulars relating to companies registered under Parts I．and II． of the Companies Act 1915，in so far as these are recorded in the Registrar－ General＇s office，are shown for the last five and a half years in the following statement：－

> COMPANIES REGISTERED IN VICTORIA, 1923 TO 30тH JUNE, 1928.
（Parts I．and II．of Companies Act 1915．）

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ \text { ended } \\ 31 s t \\ \text { De- } \\ \text { cember- } \end{gathered}$ | New Companies． |  |  |  |  |  | Number of existing Trading Companies． |  | Increase in Nominal Capital of Existing Companies during the year．＊ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number Registered． |  |  |  | Nominal Capital． |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 㫛 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 号 } \\ & \text { 范 } \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \end{aligned}$ | 品 | 为通 | $\stackrel{\text { E }}{\text { E }}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | £ | £ |  |  | £ | £ |
| 1923 | 732 | 59 | 65 | 856 | 27，397，945 | 1，419，500 | 3，221 | 753 | 3，692，347 | 490，417 |
| 1924 | 781 | 46 | 47 | 874 | 29，852，473 | 1，070，800 | 3，858 | 790 | 12，725，086 | 204，750 |
| 1925 | 788 | 51 | 38 | 877 | 37，397，557 | 1，613，775 | 4，583 | 836 | 4，370，600 | 391，000 |
| 1926 | 992 |  | 50 | 1087 | 38，125，586 | 2，869，075 | 5，575 | 881 | 7，753，050 | 277，000 |
| 1927 | 986 | 51 | 51 | 1088 | 31，555，750 | 1，759，500 | 6，145 | 819 | 24，591，228 | 444，500 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1928 \text { (to } \\ 30 \text { th } \\ \text { June) } \end{gathered}$ | 407 | 24 |  | 444 | 12，048，802 | 496，240 | 6，479 | 843 | 2，883，500 | 61，000 |

＊Increase in nominal capital subsequent to first registration．
The subscribed capital of the mining companies registered during 1927 was $£ 1,405,364$ ，and of those registered during the first six months of 1928 ，$£ 399,387$ ．

Building
8ocieties．
Since the Building Soeieties Act 1874 came into opera－ tion， 158 societies have been registered in accordance with its provisions up to 31st December，1927．The business of the societies was extensive up to the year 1892，but it has since declined．The number of companies still carrying on business is 26 ， of which 4 were established on the Starr－Bowkett principle．The following table gives particulars of the principal items of business for the last five years ：－

BUILDING SOCIETIES, 1922-23 TO 1926-27.

| Heading. | 1922-23. | 1923-24. | 1924-25. | 1925-26. | 1926-27. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of societies | 27 | 27 | 27 | 26 | 26 |
| " shareholders | 8,919 | 9,707 | 10,050 | 9,847 | 9,840 |
| borrowers | 9,673 | 9,936 | 10,618 | 11,394 | 12,066 |
| Transactions during the Year- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income from loans | £ | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| and investments | 262,421 | 294,921 | 311,069 | 339,810 | 368,060 |
| Loans granted .. | 1,094,994 | 1,022,272 | 970,284 | 1,025,581 | 1,154,118 |
| Repayments ... | 962,390 | 921,176 | 879,332 | 1,028,014 | 1,066,309 |
| Deposits received | 1,268,266 | 1,355,493 | 1,548,022 | 1,795,306 | 1,918,532 |
| Working expenses, including interest on deposits, \&c. | 106,740 | 122,521 | 137,054 | 152,335 | 164,900 |
| Assets- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans on mortgage | 3,277,145 | 3,552,523 | 3,882,236 | 4,147,594 | 4,535,475 |
| Properties in possession or surrendered | 93,491 | 112,980 | 101,372 | 121,800 | 125,070 |
| Other advances | 12,648 | 11,707 | 12,005 | 15,234 | 15,451 |
| Cash in hand, \&c. | 43,039 | 22,925 | 39,671 | 46,649 | 17,188 |
| Other assets | 68,474 | 60,380 | 67,753 | 72,727 | 44,700 |
| Total | 3,494,797 | 3,760,515 | 4,103,037 | 4,404,004 | 4,737,884 |
| Liabilities- |  |  |  |  |  |
| To shareholders | 1,530,426 | 1,623,680 | 1,773,059 | 1,844,788 | 1,928,968 |
| \% depositors | 1,170,352 | 1,289,191 | 1,493,119 | 1,654,006 | 1,804,508 |
| Bank overdraft | 65,483 | 97,695 | 80,975 | 72,008 | 112,869 |
| Other | 67,501 | 85,683 | 87,627 | 91,967 | 91,709 |
| Total | 2,833,762 | 3,096,249 | 3,434,780 | 3,662,769 | 3,938,054 |
| Reserve Funds | 549,427 | 536,970 | 549,954 | 598,011 | 646,054 |

The appended table contains particulars for the year

Co-operxtive sucieties. 1926-27 of the Co-operative Societies operating in Victoria. In past issues of the Year-Book only societies registered under the Provident Societies Act have been taken into consideration, but in the figures since 1924 are included the returns of those trading companies which are actually co-operative in principle and which comply with the following definition, i.e., Co-operative Societies are such producing, manufacturing, marketing, or distributing societies as fulfil these conditions:-(1) Dividend on share capital not to exceed 8 per cent. ; (2) The greater portion of the business of the company to be done with its own shareholders; (3) Any distribution of surplus, after payment of dividend on share capital, to be amongst suppliers or customers, in proportion to the business done with the company; (4) Limitation of voting powers.

The returns have been divided into two classes - (i) those engaged in the manufacture and marketing of primary products and trade requirements, and (ii) those engaged in retailing general household requirements. The former may be described briefly as Producers' Co-operative and the latter as Consumers' Co-operative Societies.

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES, 1926-27.

| Heading. | Producers' Societies.* | Consumers* Societies. | TotalAll Societies. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of Societies | 62 | 49 | 111 |
| Number of Branches | 11 | 13 | 24 |
| Membership | 48,568 | 16,501 | 65,069 |
| Total Purchases | 6,632,704 | 1,173,997 | 7,806,701 |
| Total Sales Other Income | $\begin{gathered} £ \\ 7,789,521 \\ \mathbf{3 3 9 , 9 6 0} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \boldsymbol{f} \\ 1,437,580 \\ \mathbf{2 4 , 5 5 8} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathfrak{\mathcal { E }} \\ 9,227,101 \\ 364,518 \end{array}$ |
| Total Income | 8,129,481 | 1,462,138 | 9,591,619 |
| Total Working Expenses | 1,416,194 | 232,584 | 1,648,778 |
| Total Net Profits | 97,205 | 47,824 | 145,029 |
| Interest paid on Loan CapitalAmount | 11,101 | 3,994 | 15,095 |
| Rate per cent. | $4 \cdot 36$ | $5 \cdot 53$ | $4 \cdot 62$ |
| Interest paid on Bank OverdraftAmount | 83,480 | 7,556 | 91,036 |
| Dividend paid on Share CapitalAmount | 26,469 | 11,870 | 38,339 |
| Rate per cent. . . | $2 \cdot 35$ | $5 \cdot 27$ | $2 \cdot 84$ |
| Rebates paid on PurchasesAmount | 14,014 | 35,015 | 49,029 |
| Other Dividends paidAmount .. | 77 | 396 | 473 |
|  | $\pm$ | $\pm$ | £ |
| Liabiitities- |  |  |  |
| Share Capital - Paid-up | 1,124,550 | 225,188 | 1,349,738 |
| Loan Capital | 254,330 | 72,249 | 326,579 |
| Bank Overdraft | 803,767 | 131,777 | 935,544 |
| Accumulated Profits | 196,954 | 73,501 | 270,455 |
| Reserve Funds | 233,575 | 122,409 | 355,984 |
| Sundry Creditors | 269,207 | 119,073 | 388,280 |
| Other Liabilities | 45,466 | 22,038 | 67,504 |
| Total | 2,927,849 | 766,235 | 3,694,084 |

[^8]Co-Operative Societies, 1926-27-continued.

| Heading. | Producers' Societies. | Consumera ${ }^{8}$ Societies. | All Sotal- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets - | £ | £ | £ |
| Land and Buildings . | 1,193,337 | 249,696 | 1,443,033 |
| Stitings, Plant and Machinery | 557,630 | 237,368 | 794,998 |
| Sundry Debtors .. | 856,096 | 223,592 | 1,079,688 |
| Cash in hand or on Deposit .. | 19,687 | 30,208 | 49,895 |
| Profit and Loss Account .. | 20,970 | 3,972 | 24,942 |
| Other Assets | 280,129 | 21,399 | 301,528 |
| Total | 2,927,849 | 766,235 | 3,694,084 |

Trustees, Executors, and Agency companles. following particulars for 1926-27 have been obtained:$£ 243,229$; total liabilities, $£ 1,044,561$. The assets were:-Deposits with Government, $£ 142.404$ : other investments in public securities, \&c., $£ 234,819$; loans on mortgage, $£ 37,059$; property, $£ 370,396$; other assets, $£ 259,883$. The net profits for the year were $£ 87,555$, and the amount of dividends and bonuses was $£ 59,674$. The net profits are equivalent to 10.9 per cent. on the shareholders' funds, as represented by paid-up capital, reserves, and undivided profits.

LAND TRANSFERS, MORTGAGES, LIENS, ETC.
A summary of land transactions under the Transfer of Dealings under
the Transter of Land Acts in the Titles Office for each of the last ten years. Land Aets. is given hereunder.
DEALINGS LODGED AT THE TITLES OFFICE (UNDER THE TRANSFER OF LAND ACTS), 1918 TO 1927.

| Yoar. | Transfers. | Mortgages. |  | Leases. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Plans } \\ & \text { of sub- } \\ & \text { division. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Dealings. } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { Dealing }}{\text { Total }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Nuntber. | Amaunt. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. |  | $\stackrel{£}{ }$ | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| 1918 | 33,771 | 10,627 | 5,956,609 | 100 | 264 | 19,075 | 63,837 |
| 1919 | 45,555 | 13,581 | 7,815,209 | 136 | 368 | 23,051 | 82,691 |
| 1920 | 64,555 | 19,373 | 12,489,329 | 136 | 663 | 31,191 | 115,918 |
| 1921 | 48,670 | 19,822 | 14,588,121 | 112 | 522 | 26,462 | 95,588 |
| 1922 | 57,772 | 20,704 | 15,046,025 | 150 | 594 | 27,798 | 107,018 |
| 1923 | 62,225 | 24,513 | 17,268,625 | 113 | 922 | 30,117 | 117,890 |
| 1924 | 54,735 | 27,209 | 20,722,146 | 88 | 979 | 29,535 | 112,546 |
| 1925 | 49,842 | 24,238 | 18,770,112 | 103 | 1,541 | 29,653 | 105,377 |
| 1926 | 53,231 | 24,717 | 20,123,751 | 85 | 1,337 | 32,332 | 111,702 |
| 1927 | 50,142 | 26,964 | 25,165,633 | 73 | 1,229 | 31,044 | 109,452 |

[^9]TITLES OF LAND ISSUED, 1918 TO 1927.

|  | Year. | Certificates of Title. | Crown Grants. | Crown Leases. | Total Titles. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. | No. | No. | ${ }_{18}{ }^{\text {No. }}$ |
| 1918 | $\cdots$ | 15,426 | 2,057 | 1,504 | 18,987 |
| 1919 | $\cdots$ | 19,120 | 1,762 | 1,117 | 21,999 |
| 1920 | . | 25,583 | 2,186 | 1,437 | 29,206 |
| 1921 | $\cdots$ | 21,027 | 1,759 | 1,410 | 24,196 |
| 1922 | $\cdots$ | 26,041 | 1,879 | 2,597 | 30,517 |
| 1923 |  | 27,781 | 2,086 | 2,378 | 32,245 |
| 1924 | . | 27,996 | 2,122 | 2,086 | 32,204 |
| 1925 |  | 24,251 | 2,138 | 1,841 | 28,230 |
| 1926 |  | 25,700 | 2,599 | 2,629 | 30,928 |
| 1927 | . | 24,112 | 2,300 | 1,925 | 28,337 |

Dealings under the Real Proparty At.

A statement of mortgages registered and reconveyances under the Real Property Act 1915 (commonly known as the General Law) is also appended:-

DEALINGS UNDER THE REAL PROPERTY ACT, 1918 TO 1927.


[^10]8teck mortgages, Hens on wool and crops.

The number and amount of stock mortgages, liens on wool, and liens on crops registered during each of the last five years were as shown below. Releases are not shown, as releases of liens are not required to be registered, the liens being removed from the register after the expiration of twelve months, with the exception of some liens to the Closer Settlement Board which cover a period of two or three years. Very few of the mortgagors of stock trouble to secure themselves by a registered release.

## STOCK MORTGAGES AND LIENS ON WOOL AND CROPS,

 1923 TO 1927.

Two forms of security are taken by lenders over personal

## Tills and contracts of sale.

 chattels, viz., a bill of sale (absolute or conditional), or a contract of sale for letting and hiring. The former is a simple mortgage of the chattels, whilst the latter purports to be an absolute sale of the chattels to the lender, with an agreement by the lender to hire the goods back to the borrower at a certain rental, which takes the place of interest. Before filing a bill of sale fourteen days' notice of intention to file must be lodged with the Registrar-General, within which period any creditor may lodge a"caveat" to prevent the filing of the bill without the payment by the borrower of his claim. The following are the numbers and amounts of bills and contractis of sale which have been filed in each of the last five years:-

BILLS AND CONTRACTS OF SALE, 1923 TO 1927.

| Security. | 1923. | 1924. | 1925. | 1926. | 1927. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bills of Sale- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 1,429 | 1,551 | 1,542 | 1,635 | 1,543 |
| Amount $\quad$ ¢ | 526,940 | 658,815 | 580,737 | 608,661 | 594,919 |
| Contracts of Sale- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 23 | 27 | 24 | 77 | 59 |
| Amount $\quad$ ¢ | 3,275 | 5,170 | 4,321 | 5,154 | 2,883 |


[^0]:    * For twelve months.
    + For three months.

[^1]:    Deposits in and adroneses by assets of the Joint Stock Banks is shown for a series of banks. years in the next statement.

[^2]:    * Including discounts, overdrafts and all other assets, but excluding Government and
    municipal securities.

[^3]:    * Deposits not bearing interest, and bank notes in circulation.

[^4]:    The subjoined table shows the number of depositors and
    8tate 8avings Bank of Victoria. the amount remaining on deposit in the State Savings Bank at various dates since the year 1875. Particulars of depositors and deposits in the Savings Bank Deposit Stock, and

[^5]:    N.B.-The large increase in the issue of sovereigns during 1925 was due to the receipt of gold from oversea.

[^6]:    * Including Commission and Agents' Charges.
    + Motor Car and Motor Cycle.
    $\ddagger$ Employers' Liability and Workmen's Compensation.

[^7]:    * Refers to a period of eight months only (7th November, 1914, to 30th June, 1915). Insurance was not/compulsory until 7th May, 1915.
    $\uparrow$ Bonus distributed amongst policy holders in the year.
    1740.-21

[^8]:    * The figures of the Victorian Wheatgrowers Corporation Ltd. are included. This Association was incorporated to market Victorian wheat, and it does not trade for the purposes of profit.

[^9]:    * Exclading the amounts lent by building societies which are secured by transfers, and the amounts owing ander mortgages given to secare overd rafte on eurrent accounts.
    1740.-22

[^10]:    * Excluding the amounts owing under mortgages given to secure overdrafts on current accounts.

